



State of the North American Pulp & Paper Industry – An Update & Outlook –



Unstable Times – Problems or Opportunities?

-- October 2005 --

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Overview

North America Pulp & Paper Industry -Update & Outlook

- Where are We?
- Industry Performance
- Economy
- Grade-By-Grade Discussion
- Industry Spending
- Investment Decisions' Drivers
- Wrap-up and Q&A





Outlook - Where Are We?

- A combination of increased foreign competition, rise of substitutes and economic recession drove down pulp and paper demand between 2000 and 2002
- However, the North American pulp and paper industry is currently enjoying a modest cyclical rebound – helped greatly by:
 - Recent years capital constraints & capacity rationalizations
 through in part significant industry capacity closures
 - Improving domestic economic conditions
 - A weakened US dollar
- As a result -- supply is relatively in balance with demand and pricing power shifted back towards paper producers





Outlook - Where Are We?

- But, this modest rebound is loosing momentum and risk remains from:
 - ✓ Slowing domestic demand growth
 - ✓ Rising international competition but some changes evolving
 - ✓ Substitution pressure from alternative substrates & medias
 - ✓ Aging domestic asset base requiring investment attention
 - ✓ Nagging poor -- but improving -- financial performance
 - ✓ Lure of pent up expansion plans in an improving market risks of past behavior still overhanging
 - ✓ One time events -- such as hurricanes Katrina, Rita & Wilma





Outlook - Industry Performance

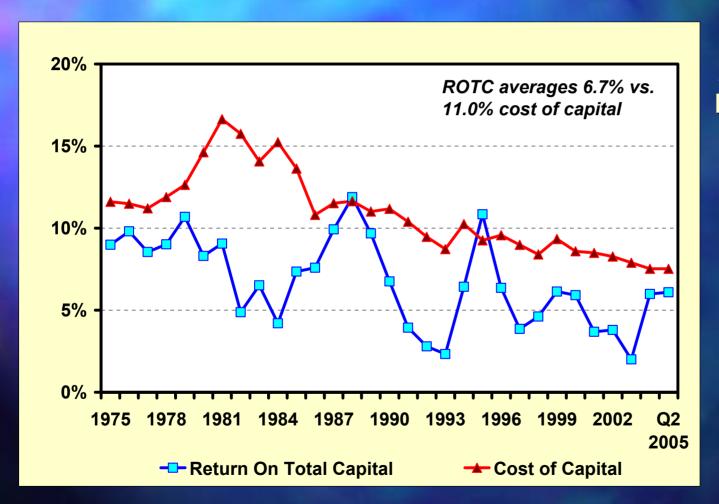
- Creating shareholder value is the goal of the firm
- Successful companies continuously identify and successfully execute investments with returns greater than cost of capital
- The industry has not made target returns and, therefore not attracted necessary capital investment – but this could be turning...
- Performance has traditionally followed excess capacity and pricing – yet – as noted – we may be entering a new era here
- And note that total shareholder returns have held up better than some standard industry benchmarks

Industry performance and shareholder returns are improving but still below the level required by investors to make a fair return at this time . . .





Outlook - Industry Performance

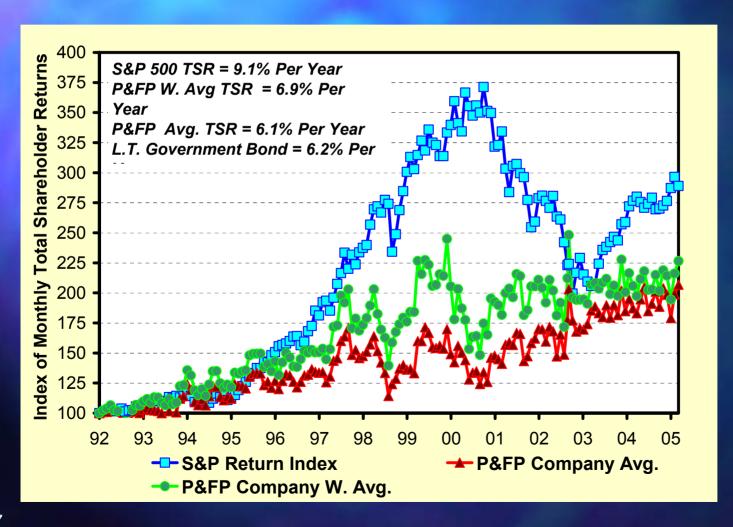


2005 Returns Are Improving -**But Still 4 Points Below Target –** Rational Investors Will Not Allocate Capital To A **Poorly Performing** Industry – Key Question = Is The Industry Situation Changing?





Outlook – Industry Performance Total Shareholders' Returns Still Trail S&P 500



The S&P 500 **Rebound Still Leaves Pulp** & Paper Industry **Shareholders** Wanting -**Underperform** ing The Index By 2-3 Points Per Year **Since 1992**





Outlook - Industry Performance

Financial Performance

- US industry financial performance has been poor on an absolute basis and persistently weak from the late 90's through today – But as noted — we are seeing improvements
- These short-term performance improvements are a welcome relief for the industry but could be transient if industry management is again tempted to significantly increase major capacity oriented [instead of performance enhancing] capital investments
- Further, ongoing pulp and paper facility closures will likely required to achieve improved financial performance.





Outlook -- The Economy

Real GDP Growth By Region	2002	2003	2004	2005
Advanced Economies				
US	1.9%	3.0%	4.4%	3.4%
Euro Area	0.8%	0.5%	2.2%	2.2%
Japan	-0.3%	2.5%	4.4%	2.3%
UK	1.8%	2.2%	3.4%	2.5%
Canada	3.4%	2.0%	2.9%	3.1%
Other Advanced Economies	3.6%	2.4%	4.3%	3.5%
Newly Industrialized Asian Economies	5.0%	3.0%	5.5%	4.0%
Other Emerging Markets	4.8%	6.1%	6.6%	5.9%
Africa	3.5%	4.3%	4.5%	5.4%
Central and Eastern Europe	4.4%	4.5%	5.5%	4.8%
Commonwealth of Independent States	5.4%	7.8%	8.0%	6.6%
Developing Asia	6.6%	7.7%	7.6%	6.9%
Middle East	4.3%	6.0%	5.1%	4.8%
Latin America	-0.1%	1.8%	4.6%	3.6%

Overall
Economic
Growth
Projections
Do Favor
Continued
Demand
Growth In The
Industry





Outlook -- The Economy

NA Sectors That Directly Drive Pulp & Paper Demand Are Projected To Be Weaker Than Overall GDP – But Remain Positive

Economic Indicator	Industry Segment Impacted	1990- 1995	1995- 2000	2000- 2004	2005	2006- 2010
Real GDP	All	2.5%	4.1%	2.5%	3.4%	3.0%
Implicit Price Deflator	All	2.4%	1.6%	1.9%	3.6%	2.2%
Personal Consumption Expenditures	All	2.6%	4.4%	3.2%	3.1%	2.8%
Industrial Production	All	3.5%	6.0%	0.1%	3.7%	2.5%
Indust. Prod Non-Durables	Containerboard	1.8%	1.3%	-0.6%	2.2%	0.9%
Indust. Prod Durables	Packaging	4.9%	9.5%	0.7%	5.7%	5.3%
Food & Beverage Sales	Boxboard	1.9%	3.2%	3.6%	5.0%	3.1%
Food services and drinking places	Tissue	4.8%	5.5%	6.3%	7.4%	2.9%
Computer & Peripheral Sales	P&W Papers	21.6%	5.2%	2.0%	15.0%	4.6%
Professional Employment & Business Services	P&W Papers, Tissue	3.4%	5.3%	-0.4%	3.4%	2.7%
US Households	Tissue, Building Products	1.2%	1.1%	0.2%	1.0%	1.0%
Housing Starts	Tissue, Building Products	2.5%	2.9%	5.5%	1.0%	-2.0%





Outlook -- The Economy

The Katrina – Rita – Wilma Economy Effect

- Reduce 2006 GDP from 0.6 to 2.0 pts
- Sustain high or increase energy prices
- Increase risk of recession
- Likely to drive down volume and prices in paper, packaging and market pulp grades in 2005 / 2006
- Will offset falling pulpwood demand with enhanced demand for structural timber and engineered wood products.





Outlook -- Grade-by-Grade Discussion

- North American Market
- NA Boxboard
- NA Containerboard
- NA Newsprint
- NA Printing & Writing Papers
- NA Market Pulp
- NA Tissue
- NA Recovered Fiber & Energy



- The North American Pulp and Paper industry is a mature web of businesses generally characterized by:
 - Highest per capita consumption in world across all grades
 - ✓ Slower growth than real GDP
 - ✓ High capital intensity
 - ✓ Cost and price based competition
 - ✓ Below cost of capital returns
 - ✓ An aging asset base
 - ✓ Cyclical pricing and profitability.

Historically, the North American industry expanded after each cyclical peak. Excess capacity was then been pushed onto international markets – *This pattern has finally changed*.





- Today the NA Industry business environment has stabilized due to a combination of factors:
 - ✓ A weakening US dollar
 - ✓ Rebounding domestic demand
 - ✓ Improving returns
 - ✓ Weakening competitiveness of European producers
 - ✓ Moderating industry growth in developing regions
 - ✓ Better understanding by industry leaders of the role of capacity and spending management
- This represents a substantive change from the recent years of persistent weakening overall market place conditions and demand as well as industry performance

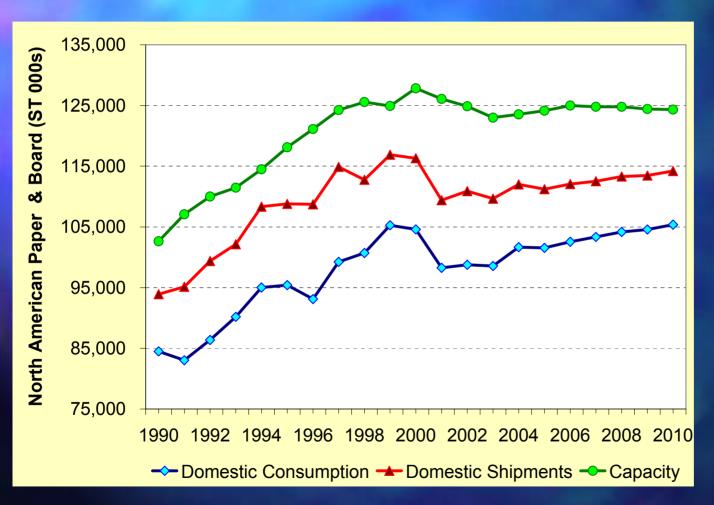


- Consequently –
- As noted the demand weakness and oversupply of the past years have begun to reverse, and
- Producers have been generally successful implementing price increases -- so far -- in this environment

The net result is a cyclical upturn in the US pulp and paper industry that could reverse circa 2006 / 2007







Total NA Paper & **Board** Consumption Has Resumed Growth -While Overall Capacity Is Now Relatively Flat





This has generated a much needed breath of fresh air for the NA Industry to take stock, and determine its path forward under more stable and positive circumstances . . .

Accordingly -- the North American industry does have a window of opportunity to further restructure and innovate to better compete in the changing global market looking out -- but the business environment for such enhancement moves is transient -- and time is likely essential.





	Change in ((Tons/	Capacity Fonnes)	Compound Annual Growth Rate		
Grade Segment	2000- 2004	2005- 2010	1990- 2004	2005- 2010	
NA Boxboard	-74	609	1.4%	1.0%	
U.S. Containerboard	-1,292	1,516	1.7%	0.8%	
NA Newsprint	-2,057	-2,328	-0.5%	-2.9%	
NA Printing & Writing	-1,221	-51	1.7%	0.0%	
NA Tissue	800	131	2.1%	0.2%	
NA Market Pulp	-352	532	1.5%	0.5%	

Industry Surveys And Projections Both Indicate That Capacity Could Begin To Grow Again Between 2005 And 2010 - But At A Much Lower Than Historic Rate **And From A Reduced Base**





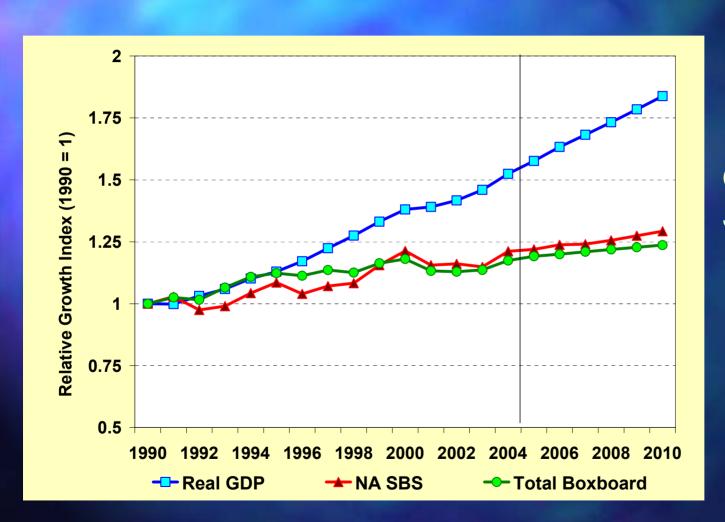
Boxboard is a weak but stabilizing NA segment --

- Slow growth in industries that consume boxboard, increased competition from overseas producers and widespread substitution by plastics and alternative packaging materials have hurt producers
- Profitability/returns are better than industry average despite these poor fundamentals due to a relatively concentrated supply base
- Facility closures have brought supply and demand in line

<u>Implications:</u> Slow capacity growth projected but relatively high risk of falling demand and additional facility closures.



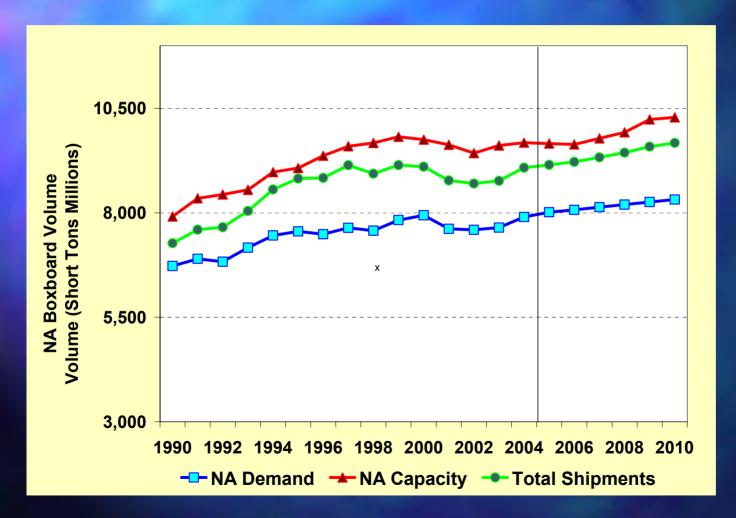




NA **Boxboard Demand Growth Now** Significantly Lags GDP -**Bleached Board** Growth Slightly **Outpaces** Recycled



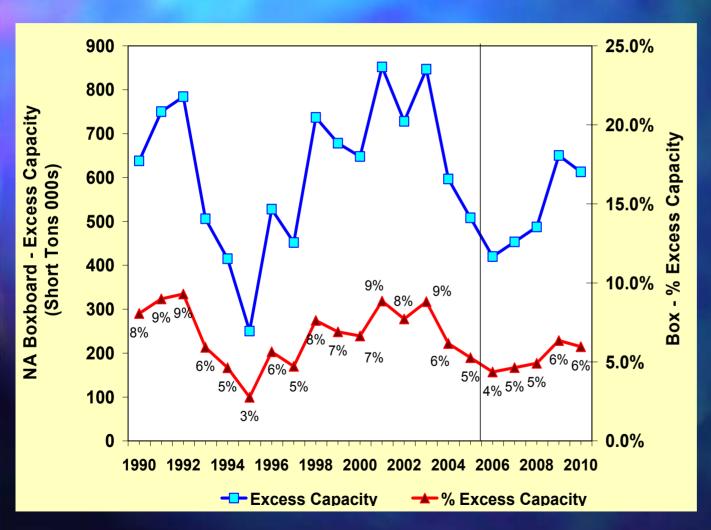




Both Demand And Supply Have Resumed **Growth But** Will Take Several **Years To** Reach Historic Levels



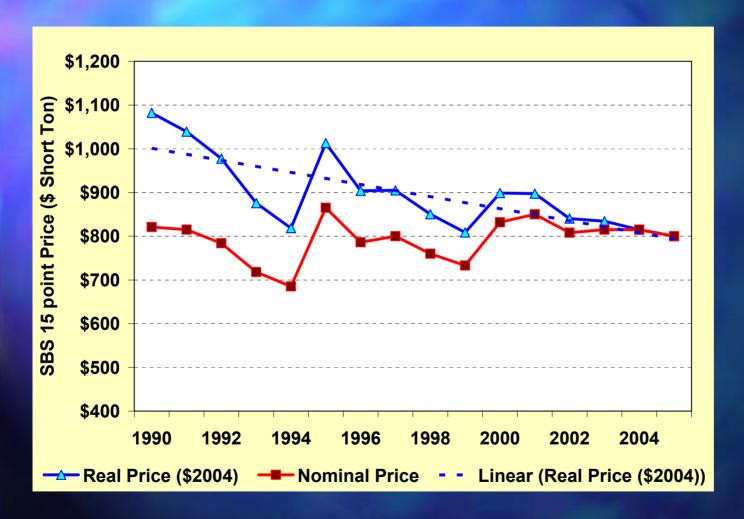




NA Boxboard Has Consolidated & Reduced Excess Capacity - But Will Be **Tempted To Add Capacity** In The Outyears If **Demand Continues To** Grow







The Recent Rebound In NA Prices Is Faltering – Long-term Prices Continue To Trend Downwards





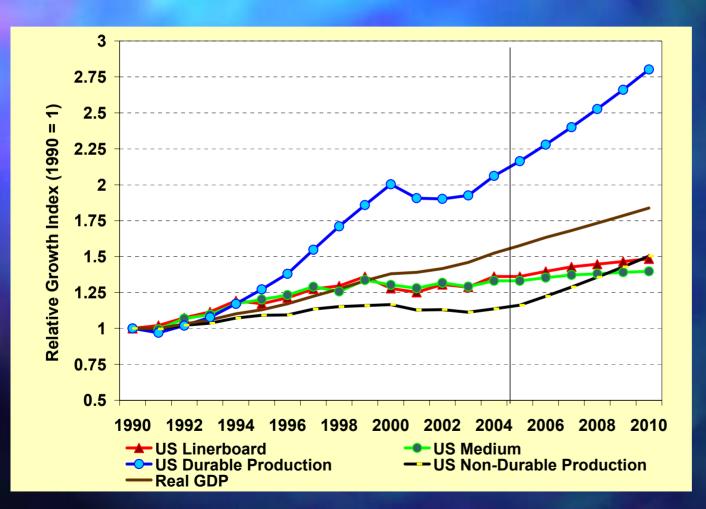
This NA Containerboard segment has undergone one of the most extensive restructurings within the industry --

- Concentration of top producers has gone from one of the lowest to highest in the industry – improved capacity utilization and expansion discipline has followed
- Further acquisitions by large players will be difficult
- However, NA producers have lost export market to new overseas capacity, especially in China and Germany
- Profitability and returns are lower than industry average
- Slack capacity absorbed quickly with improved economy

<u>Implications:</u> Producers are expected to grow capacity slowly with demand – risks of further closures persist from loss of volume in export markets and to substitutes.



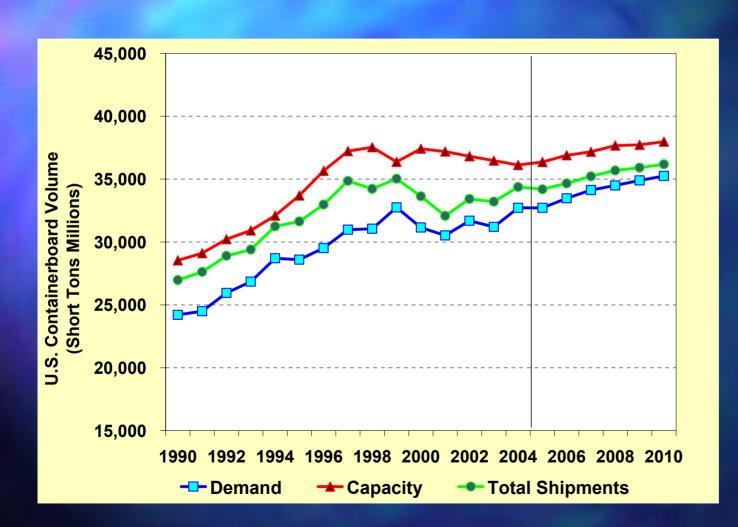




NA Container-board Demand
Continues To
Grow At A Rate
Closely Tied To
Domestic NonDurables and
Durables
Production



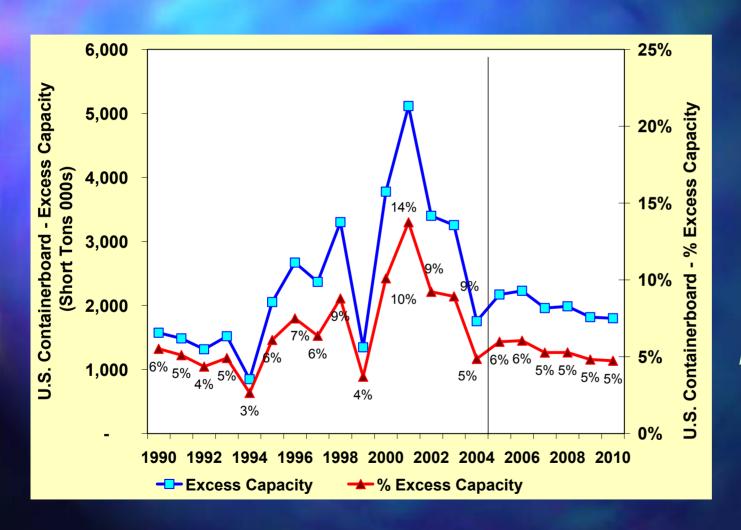




NA Capacity
Is Expected
To Be Well
Controlled
Relative To
Demand



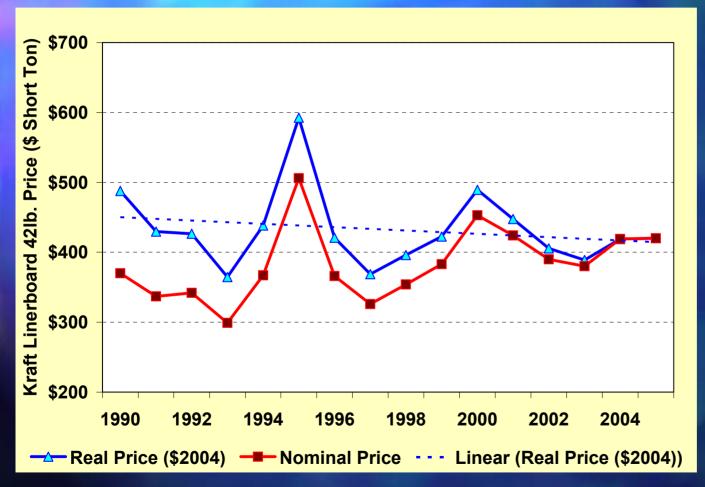




NA
Containerboard's
Excess
Capacity Is
Now
Relatively In
Balance







NA Capacity Reductions Helped Containerboard **Producers Maintain &** Prices - But **Normal Profits** Are Not Yet Being Generated





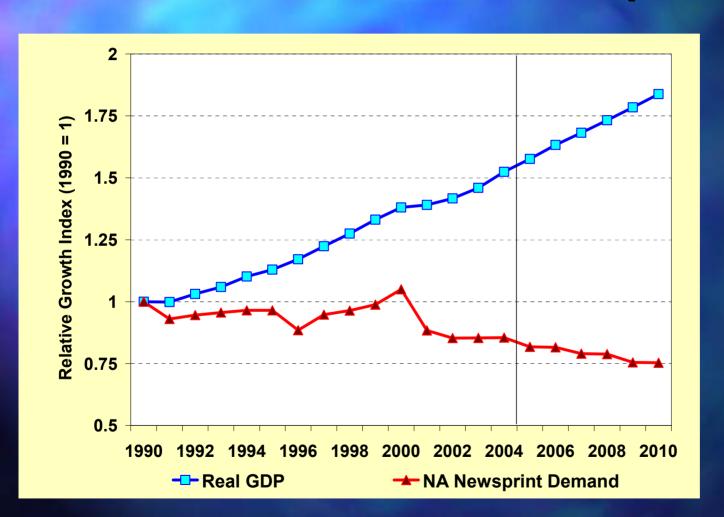
Newsprint is the weakest overall industry NA segment --

- Short-term publishing and printing declines have been exacerbated by substitution to alternative media
- National and local papers continue to reduce page size
- Newsprint is in decline in the long-term
- Opportunities for further consolidation exist and significant capacity reductions and grade conversions will continue...

<u>Implications:</u> Rational players will spend a minimum of capital and seek value added grade conversions. No new NA Newsprint mills are likely to be built -- at least by rational sector players . . .



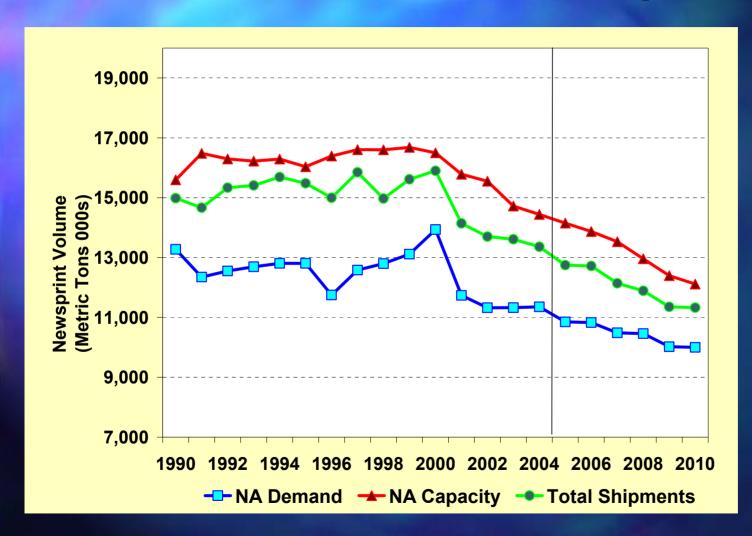




NA **Newsprint Is** A Declining Segment In Long-Term -A Short- to Mid-Term **Improvement** May Occur **But Is Not Projected**



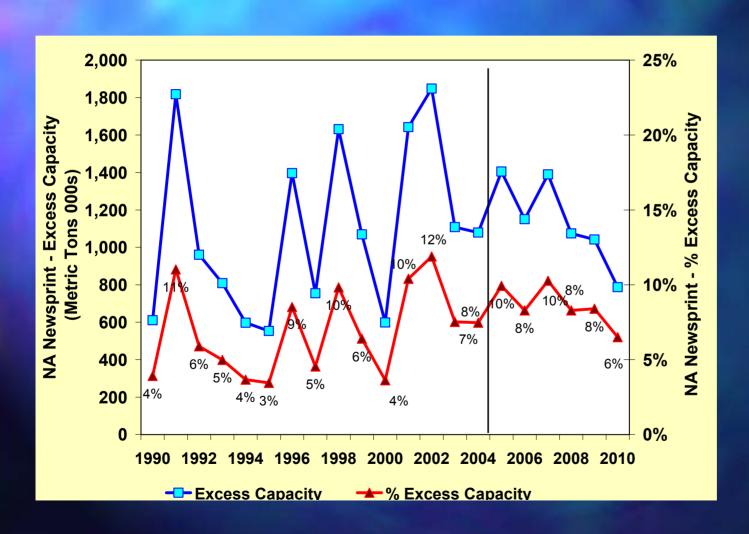




Demand, Capacity, **Exports, & Shipments** Are All Sliding Downward At A Relatively Quick Rate



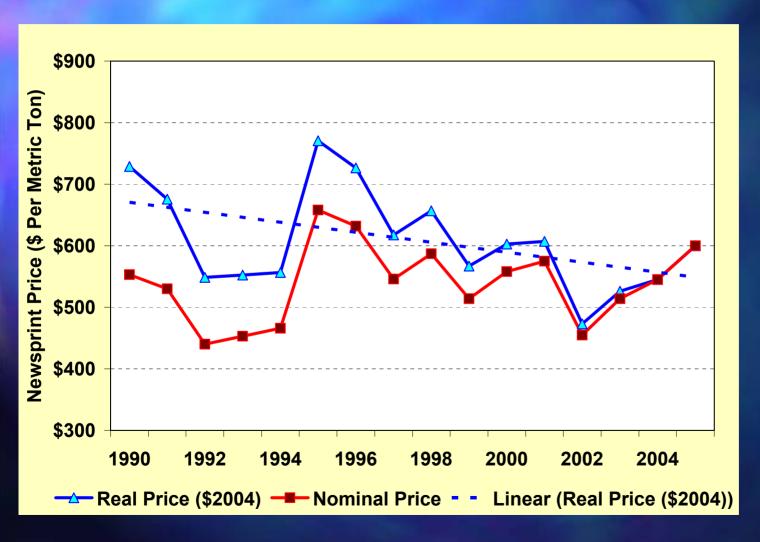




The Supply
And
Demand
Situation
Has
Improved
But Excess
Capacity
Remains







Capacity Reductions Have Helped **Boost** Prices --**But A** Strong **Downward Trend** Persists





Outlook - NA P&W Papers

Recent economic slowdown & alternative media substitution have impacted P&W demand negatively --

- Uncompetitive capacity being closed & modest demand increases will tend to reign in excess capacity
- CF, CGW, UCF & GW Grades have seemingly collapsed into one relatively inter-changeable/somewhat flexible grade structure from consumers' perspectives
- In this context -- CF quickly became commoditized -displaced by improved CGW grades - changes still expected

<u>Implications:</u> Significant repositioning / redeployment of assets – continued M&A & financial constraints.





Outlook - NA P&W Papers (cont.)

In addition -- high end uses -- auto brochures/annual reports -- are being replaced by website versions

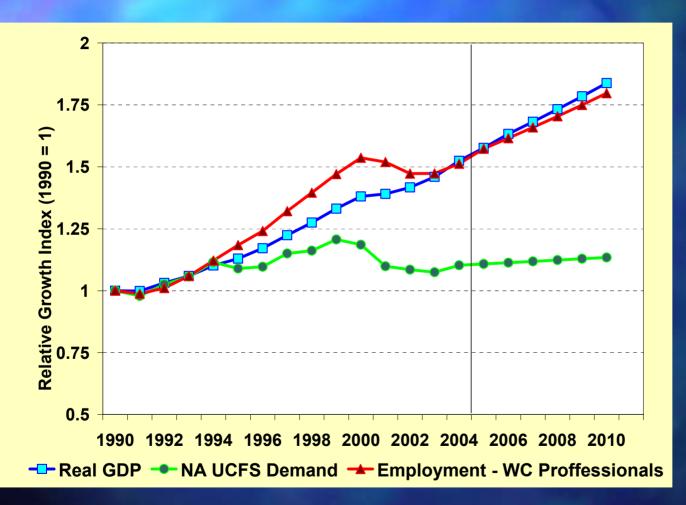
- High volume UCF under pressure from overseas competitors, and Newsprint producers are converting capacity to UC and CGW grades creating serious downstream pressures for UCF across time
- Financial returns & growth prospects are similar to industry average & room exists for continued M&A activity

<u>Implications:</u> Certain segments will suffer net capacity reductions and the grade turmoil will continue to create an unstable overall grade-to-grade business environment.





Outlook - NA P&W Papers

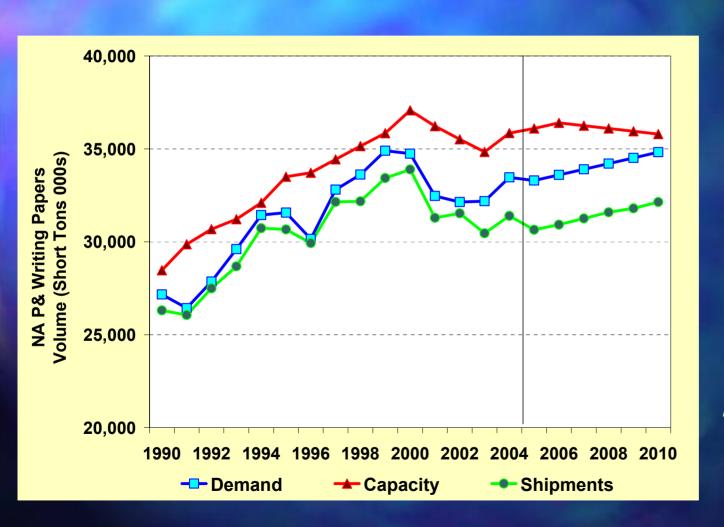


P&W Paper Demand **Fundamentals** Began To **Change In The** Mid-1990s -Minimal And Risky Growth Is Expected Going **Forward**





Outlook - NA P&W Papers

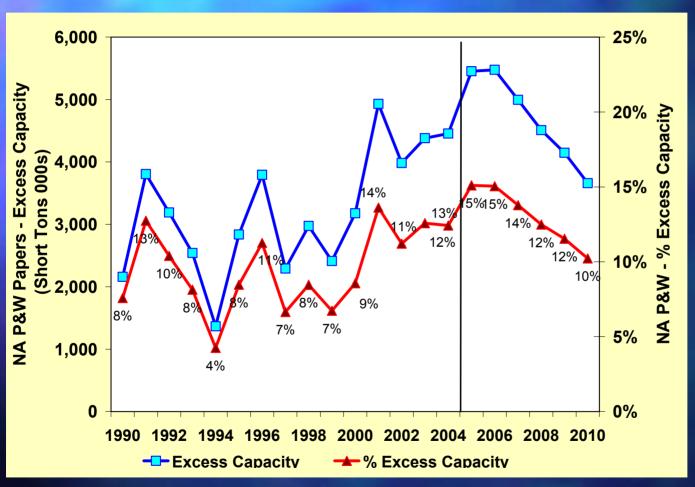


Rising Imports Have Slowed **Shipments Relative To Domestic Demand And Further** Capacity Rationalization Is Likely





Outlook - NA P&W Papers

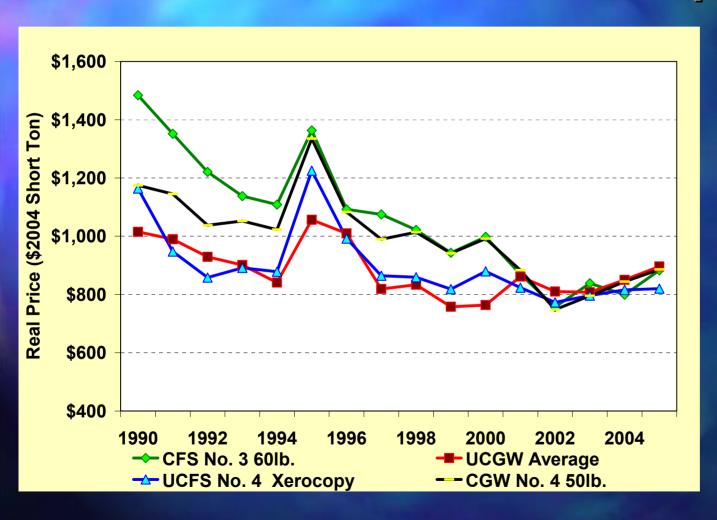


Significant
NA P&W
OverCapacity
Persists –
Sustaining A
Difficult
Market
Condition





Outlook - NA P&W Papers



Collapsed **Real Price Trends** Continue **Downward And Recent Pricing Improvements** Have Been Disappointing



Outlook - NA Market Pulp

Market Pulp is an intermediate good in the production of the other paper and paperboard grades --

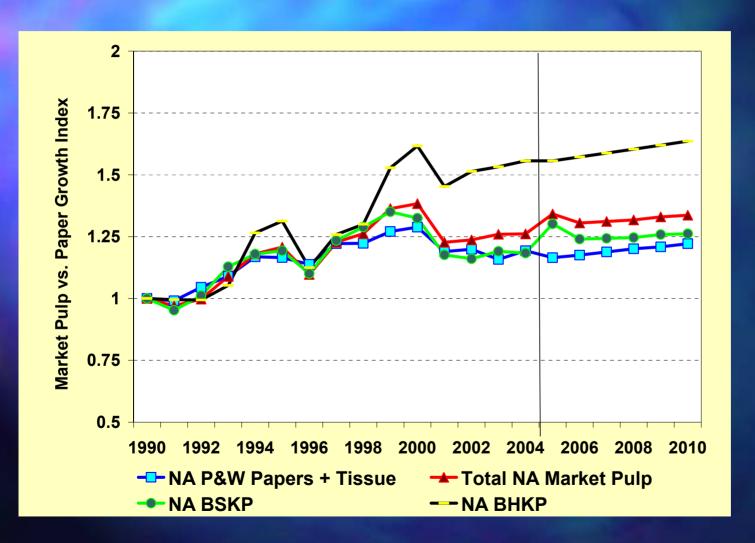
- Pulp Investment returns among the poorest in the industry which in some circles is baffling . . .
- Environmental restrictions new capacity additions difficult
- International producers continue to import pulp competitively to US
- DIP pulps presently relatively more financially attractive than virgin pulps

<u>Implications:</u> Some capital to be spent on integrated DIP facilities. Capacity will creep up with incremental improvement projects – Wild card here is China's fiber demand...





Outlook - NA Pulp

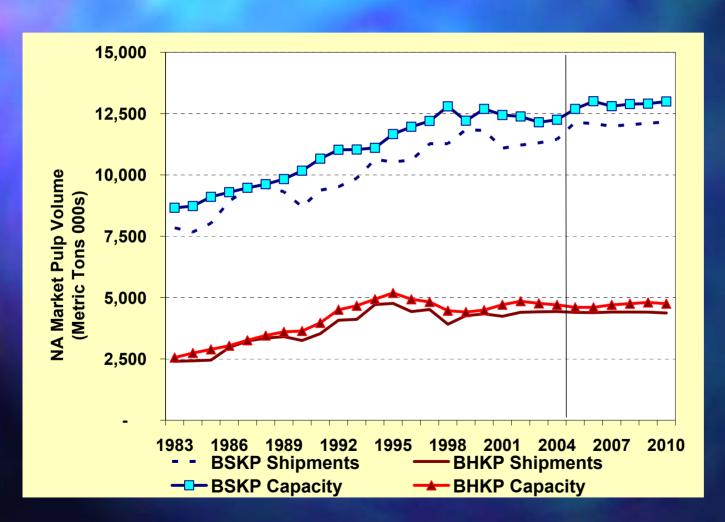


Demand For Market Pulp Follows Other Grades -**But Watch** China's Needs and Demands Looking Out





Outlook - NA Pulp

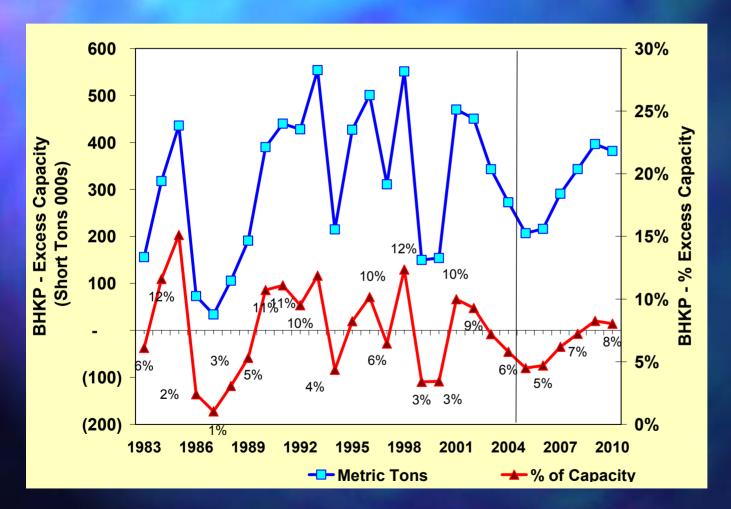


Supply And Demand For Chemical **Market Pulp** Is Expected To Be Relatively Flat - But Again -Watch China's Needs Evolve . . .





Outlook - NA BHKP

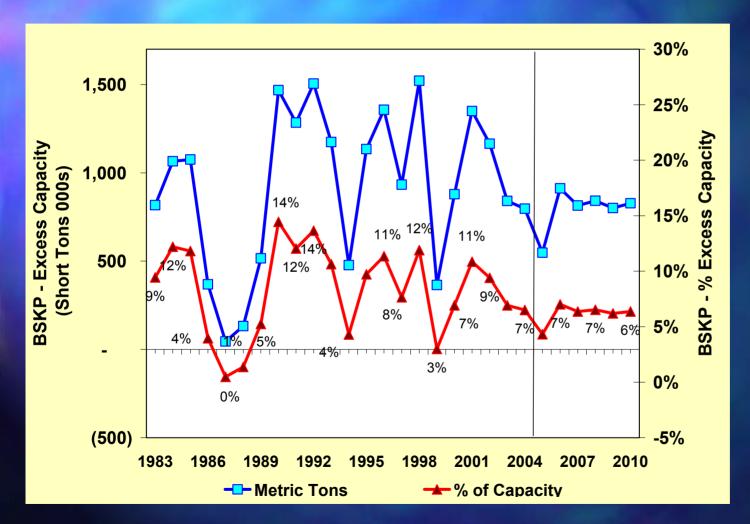


NA BHKP Capacity Is In Check But Is Expected To Creep Up Over Time -Increasing The Risk Of Capacity Closures





Outlook - NA BSKP

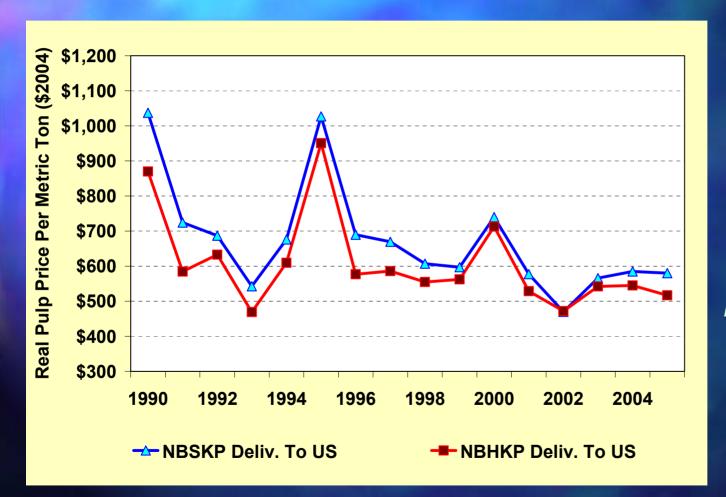


NA BSKP Is Carrying Relatively More Capacity Than BHKP – Making It More Sensitive To Swings In **Demand**





Outlook - NA Market Pulp



Market Pulp
Prices Have
Once Again
Flattened &
Long-term
Fundamentals
Still Not
Strong Going
Forward





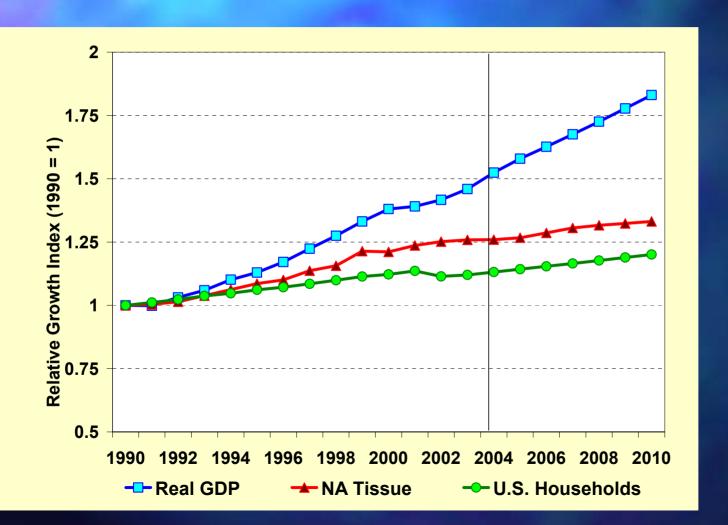
Tissue is strongest overall segment in North America --

- End-product demand is mature Americans highest percapita consumers in world & incremental demand is slow
- Demand growth is slowing but still expanding per capita
- However overall company financial returns less sensitive to supply / demand dynamics at mill level than other grades
- Regulatory considerations will limit large M&A activity
- Both technology changes and new entrepreneurial entrants will drive spending
- Excess capacity is building but likely to be absorbed

<u>Implications:</u> Segment may be losing some luster – is a day of reckoning coming or will historical market dynamics win out?



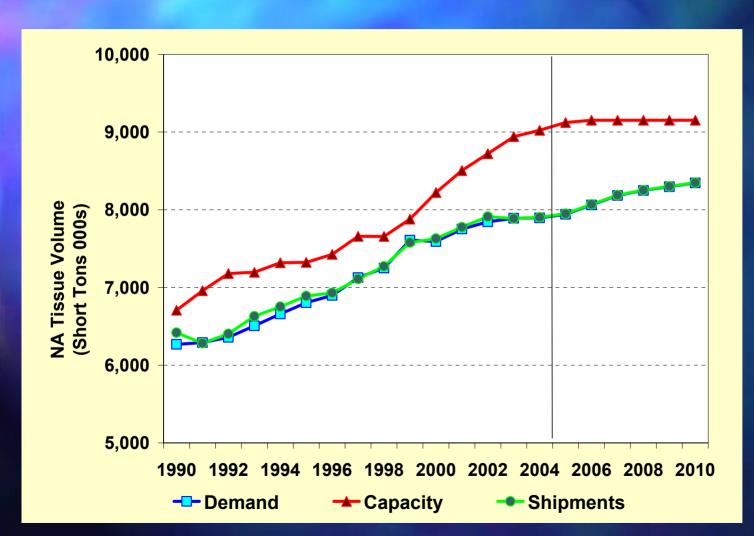




Has
Innovated
To Keep
Demand
Ahead Of
Household
Formation



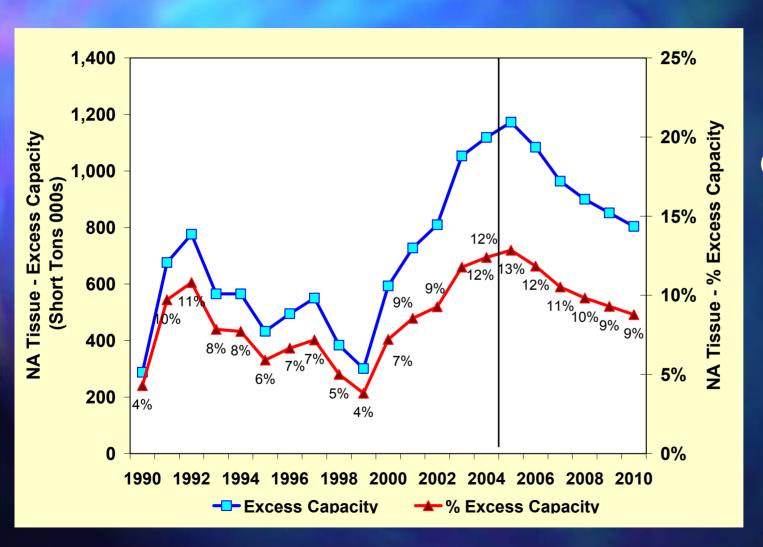




Constraint Is Needed As Capacity **Growth Has** Recently Outpacing Demand -**But Some** Structural **Protections** Remain



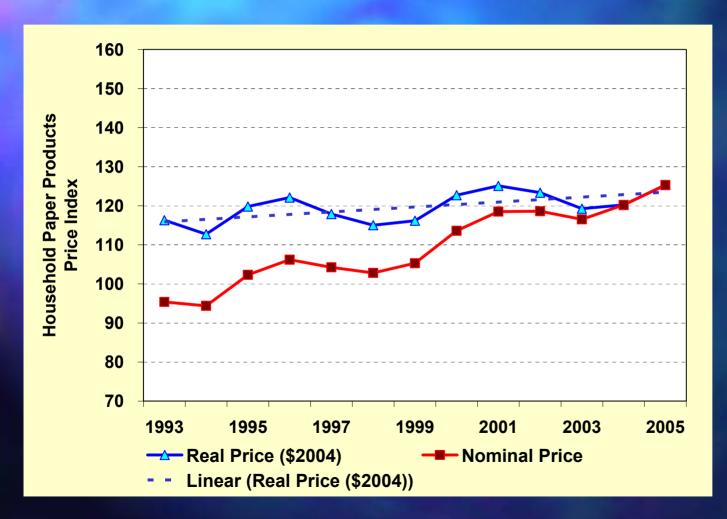




Excess Tissue Capacity Is **Building But Will** Moderate As The Rate Of **Capacity Additions** Slow





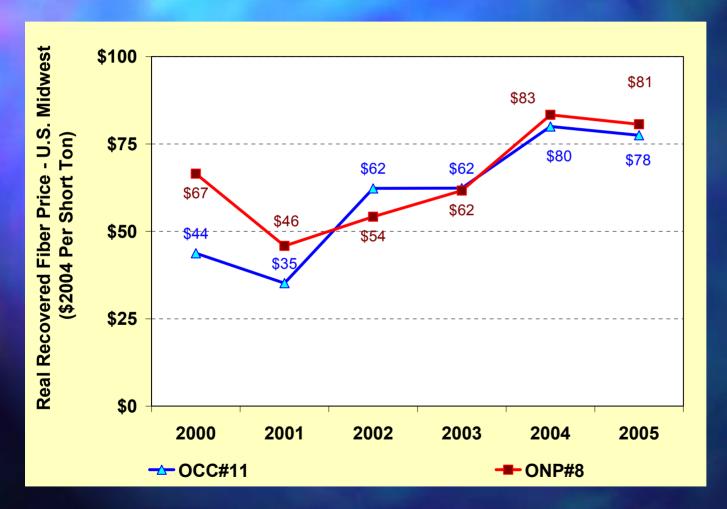


Consumer **Products** Pricing Is **Trending** Upward -The Awayfrom Home Market Trends Are Less Favorable





Outlook - Recovered Fiber

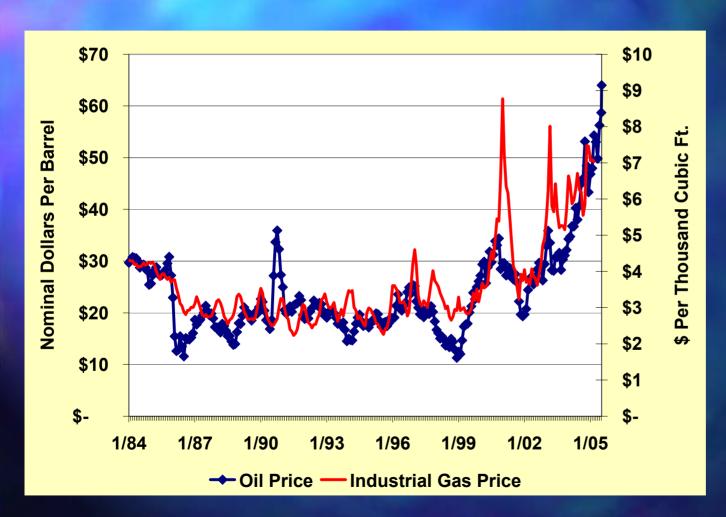


Recovered Fiber Is Creating **Upward Cost Pressures** Across Grades - & With China's Needs -**Pressure** Expected to Sustain





Outlook - Energy - Oil and Natural Gas



\$60+ Bbl Oil & \$7/Mcf **Natural Gas** Will Create GDP & Industry Instability -**But Also** Raise Value **Opportunity** For Wood To Fuel . . .





US Industry Spending

History - Issues - Directions

- Capital Spending Overview & Outlook
- Profitability & Capital Turnover
- ROTC Versus Cost of Capital
- Debt Levels
- Production Capacity Expectations
- Capital Spending/Depreciation
- Capital Spending Level





US Industry - Capital Spending

US capital expenditures will continue to be depressed by poor financial performance & slowing of capacity growth --

- M&A crowded out CAPEX on PPE last 5 years Should ease within largest firms antitrust constraints
- However, asset swaps & business-line spin-offs likely to accelerate + second-tier players consolidation
- There is risk that unexpected international acquisitions activity will interrupt capital spending patterns

Overall, net M&A impact should be better (less impacting) for CAPEX than the last 5 years – but not enough to offset weak investment fundamentals yet.





US Industry - Capital Spending

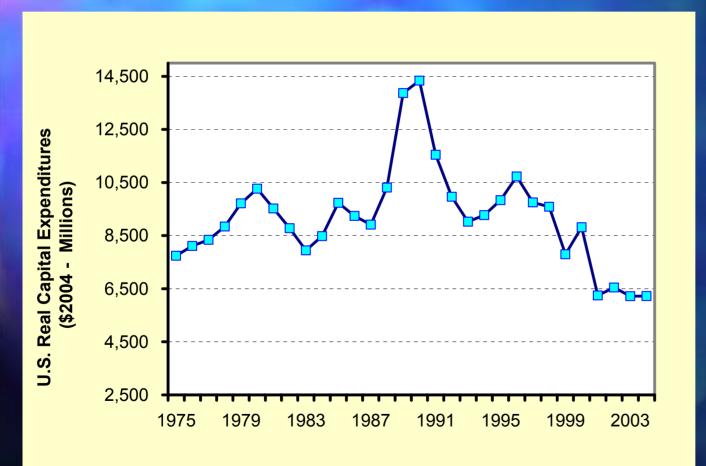
Combination of economic, pulp and paper market, and financial / investment realities drove US capital expenditures down from \$8+ billion in 2000 to \$6+ billion by 2001 --

- 2005 capital expenditures will fall again to \$6 billion and then likely cycle between \$6.0 billion and \$8.5 billion through 2006
- The following table and graphs summarize these historical trends and projections





US Industry — Capital Spending

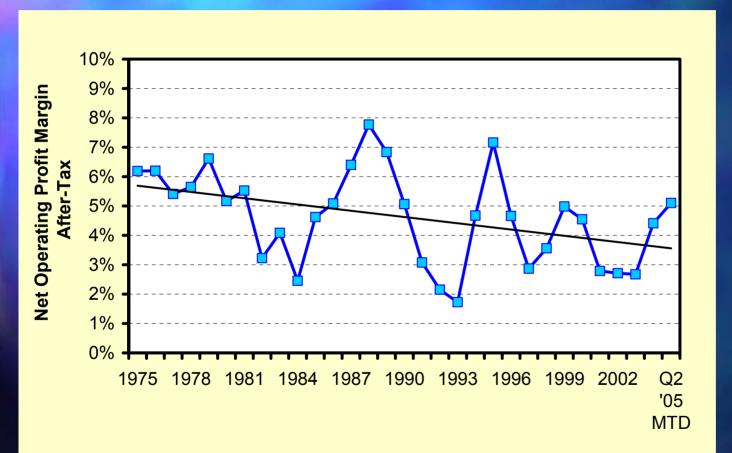


Capital
Expenditures
(CAPEX) On
Pulp & Paper
Property,
Plant &
Equipment
(Nominal \$
Millions)





US Industry — Profitability

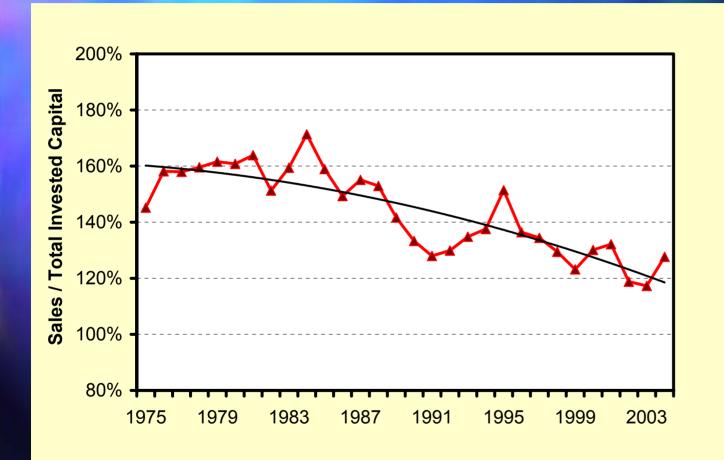


Profitability Has Improved, **But Continues** To Trend Downward -And Is Expected To Weaken For the Remainder of 2005





US Industry - Capital Turnover

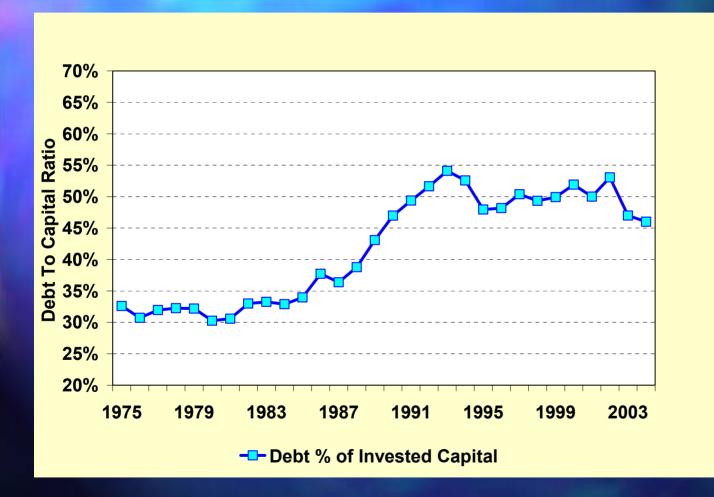


Capital Turnover Is Trending **Downward Yet Also** Has Rebounded & Trend May Be Flattening





US Industry - Debt Levels

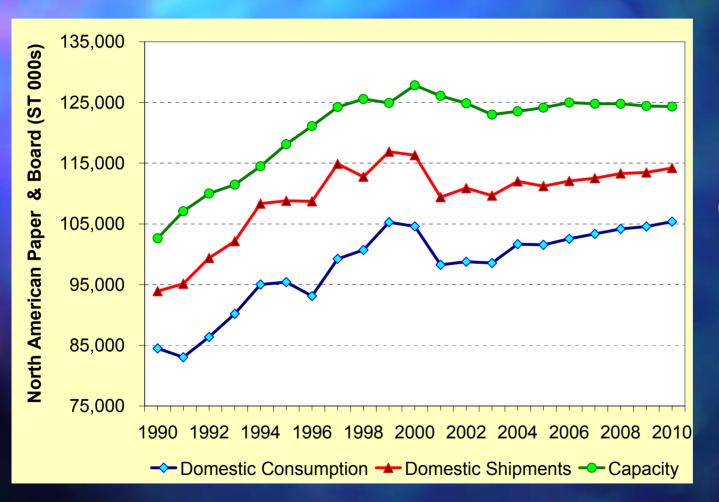


Improved Debt Levels Are Still Constraining Needed **Business Investments** Yet Debt is Now Much **Lower Cost** Than Equity





US Industry - Production Capacity Expectations

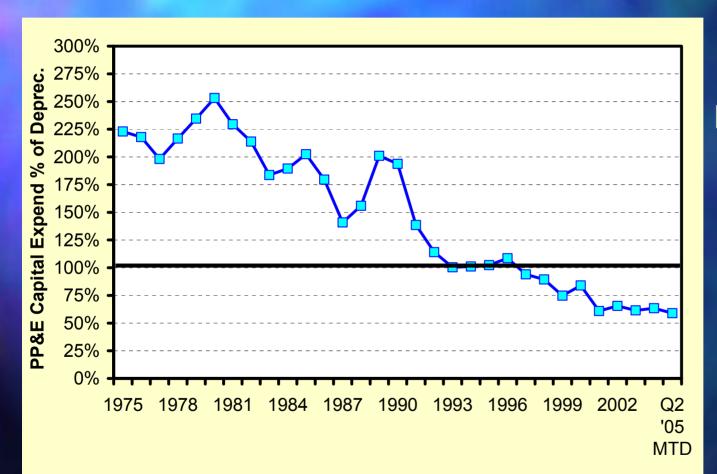


Total US Paper & **Board** Consumption Is Resuming Growth -While Overall Capacity Is Relatively Flat





US Industry - Capital Spending/Depreciation



US Capital Expenditures Remain Significantly Below Depreciation Levels - But **Seem To** Have **Stabilized**





US Industry - Investment Decisions' Drivers

Attractive Opportunities = More Likely To Invest

- Strong ROTC = Proven capability to identify/execute value creating projects more likely to attract & invest capital than poor performers
- Good Outlook Product Mix = More likely to invest (i.e. tissue, selected P&W) than poorly performing segments (i.e. boxboard, newsprint, UCF, market pulp)
- Geographic Mix = Firms in Higher growth geographic markets (i.e. Asia & Latin America) more likely to invest than US and Canadian (and now some European) focused players





US Industry - Investment Decisions' Drivers

Greater Capital Availability = More Likely To Invest

- Debt-To-Capital Ratio = High debt % the more likely to divert cash to lower debt instead for capital expenditures
- <u>Debt Capacity</u> = Low debt % creates real opportunities to use new low cost debt for innovative investment moves
- Cash Flow Available For Reinvestment = More cash generated by operations, the more funds typically invested in the business & to stimulate investors



Recap & Final Thoughts

- U.S. Pulp and paper industry demand peaked circa 2000 – closures will continue at a slower rate but best facilities will remain strong
- Will take years to reach 2000 levels again if ever
- Pulp and paper NOT likely to be a source of growth for wood demand with current products
- However, complete replacement by offshore producers unlikely due to U.S. wood resources and large absolute market
- Construction boom won't last forever...

Forestry industry needs to innovate alone or in conjunction with pulp and paper to develop new products and markets (i.e. bio-refining).



Recap & Final Thoughts

The essential focus we should have at this place in our industry's path forward is that the future is ours to create — timidity will undermine our efforts . . .

And . . . In this context – our challenge is really to seize the opportunities instead of simply enjoying our respite – to innovate and restructure in new and novel ways . . .





And Remember

Even though the Current Industry State of Affairs is Still Unstable & Many Systemic Problems Remain -- As that Famous Arm Chair Philosopher Ziggy Once Said



"You can Complain Because Roses have Thorns, or you can Rejoice Because Thorns have Roses"





Recap & Final Thoughts

Thank You! -- Copies Available At

www.valueresolution.com -- And -- www.cpbis@gatech.edu

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